



English for beginners





Lesson 15



Present Perfect

Present Perfect

Corrisponde al nostro passato prossimo

MA

Io **ho finito** la partita

I **have finished** the match



Sono stato a Londra questa settimana

I **have been** to London this week.



- L'ausiliare è sempre 'have'.



Present perfect Affirmative form

I have done

I've done

You have done

You've done

He has done

He's done

She has done

Si contrae

She's done

It has done

It's done

We have done

We've done

You have done

You've done

They have done

They've done

Sogg. + have/has + past participle

I SAY NO

Present perfect Negative form

I have not done

You have not done

He has not done

She has not done

It has not done

We have not done

You have not done

They have not done

Si contrae

I haven't done

You haven't done

He hasn't done

She hasn't done

It hasn't done

We haven't done

You haven't done

They haven't done

- Sogg. + have/has + not + past participle

Present perfect Interrogative form

Have I done?

Have you done?

Has he done?

Has she done?

Has it done?

Have we done?

Have you done?

Have they done?



Yes, I have – No, I haven't

- Have/has + sogg. + Past participle?

Quando usarlo?



1. Azione avvenuta nel passato senza dire quando esattamente:

I have seen that film. *Ho visto quel film.*

2. Esperienze della nostra vita:

Mary has already met Susan.

Mary ha già conosciuto Susan.



3. Con espressioni di tempo che includono il presente come: this week, this year, this morning, today.

I have walked this morning.

Ho passeggiato questa mattina.



Have you had a nap this afternoon?

Hai fatto un pisolino oggi pomeriggio?



4. Con le espressioni *for* e *since* :
I have known him for three years.
Lo conosco da tre anni.

I have known him since 1996.
Lo conosco dal 1996.

For : da quanto tempo?

Since : da quando?

